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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	JEAN MARC VAN DEN HEUVEL,	No. 2:23-cv-00752-TLN-AC
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	ORDER
14	AMPM MINI MART,	
15	Defendant.	
16		
17	On August 14, 2023, the Ninth Circuit referred the matter to this Court for the limited	
18	purpose of determining whether Plaintiff's in forma pauperis ("IFP") status should continue on	
19 20	appeal or whether the appeal is frivolous or taken in bad faith. (ECF No. 19 at 1 (citing 28 U.S.C.	
20	§ 1915(a)(3); Hooker v. American Airlines, 302 F.3d 1091, 1092 (9th Cir. 2002)).)	
22	"An appeal may not be taken [IFP] if the trial court certifies in writing that it is not taken	
23	in good faith." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3). "The test for allowing an appeal [IFP] is easily	
24	met [t]he good faith requirement is satisfied if the [appellant] seeks review of any issue that is	
25	'not frivolous.'" Gardner v. Pogue, 558 F.2d 548, 550–51 (9th Cir. 1977) (quoting Coppedge v.	
26	<i>U.S.</i> , 369 U.S. 438 445 (1962)); see also Hooker, 302 F.3d at 1092 (noting that an appeal is taken	
27	in "good faith" if it seeks review of "non-frivolous" issues and holding that if at least one issue or	
28	claim is non-frivolous, the appeal must proceed IFP as a whole). An action is frivolous "where it	
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lacks an arguable basis in either law or fact." *Neitzke v. Williams*, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989). In other words, the term "frivolous," as used in § 1915 and when applied to a complaint, "embraces not only the inarguable legal conclusion, but also the fanciful factual allegation." *Id*.

In the instant case, the magistrate judge found Plaintiff's Complaint to be unintelligible and lacking any facts to support a cognizable claim. (ECF No. 4.) The Court adopted the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations in full and dismissed the case. (ECF No. 12.) Based on the record before it, the Court cannot conceive of any valid grounds upon which an appeal can be based. The Court therefore finds that Plaintiff's appeal is frivolous and not taken in good faith. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3); Fed. R. App. P. 24(a)(3)(A); *Hooker*, 302 F.3d at 1092; *Neitzke*, 490 U.S. at 325. Plaintiff's IFP status on appeal should therefore be revoked.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Plaintiff's in forma pauperis status on appeal is hereby REVOKED; and
- 2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to serve this Order on the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in Case No. 23-15943.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: August 17, 2023

Troy L. Nunley

United States District Judge